

# IGF 2020

## Best Practice Forum Cybersecurity

*Exploring best practices in relation to international cybersecurity initiatives*

Update Workstream I

22 July 2020

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As an update on the work of the BPF's first workstream to identify international cybersecurity agreements to include in this year's report, the proposed scope and list of agreements to include is below for review by the whole BPF. Please feel free to reach out with additional agreements that you believe should be included in the report, based on the scoping, and also reach out if you would like to be included in the ongoing efforts of this workstream, which will now turn to a revised analysis of the key components of each of these agreements.

- If you wish to be included in the work of workstream 1, please reach out to the BPF coordinating team at [bpf-cybersecurity-info@intgovforum.org](mailto:bpf-cybersecurity-info@intgovforum.org).
- To follow general updates on the BPF Cybersecurity, please subscribe to the mailing list at [http://intgovforum.org/mailman/listinfo/bpf-cybersecurity\\_intgovforum.org](http://intgovforum.org/mailman/listinfo/bpf-cybersecurity_intgovforum.org)

**Scope:** In contrast to last year's report, which focused on "agreements among and between stakeholders to address and promote cybersecurity internationally," **this year will focus just on agreements which include voluntary, nonbinding norms for cybersecurity internationally, among and between stakeholders.** The analysis and outreach will still try and understand what commitments are contained in these agreements and whether or not parties to them are seeking to uphold them as normative expectations.

After a review among those in BPF Cybersecurity Workstream 1, the below is the updated list of agreements to be included in the 2020 analysis.

Draft list of agreements for 2020 analysis:

1. The G20 [Antalya Summit Leaders' Communiqué](#)
2. The G7 [Charlevoix commitment on defending Democracy from foreign threats](#) & [Declaration on Responsible States Behavior in Cyberspace](#)
3. The [Cybersecurity Tech Accord](#)
4. The Freedom Online Coalition's [Recommendations for Human Rights Based Approaches to Cyber security](#)
5. In the Shanghai Cooperation Organization's [Agreement on cooperation in the field of ensuring the international information security](#)
6. The [African Union Convention on Cyber Security and Personal Data Protection](#)
7. The Council to Secure the Digital Economy [International Anti-Botnet guide](#)
8. The League of Arab States [Convention on Combating Information Technology Offences](#)
9. The East African Community (EAC) [Draft EAC Framework for Cyberlaws](#)
10. The Economic Community of Central African States (ECCAS) [Declaration of Brazzaville](#).

11. The NATO Cyber Defence Pledge
12. The EU [Joint Communication: Resilience, Deterrence and Defence: Building strong cybersecurity for the EU](#)
13. The Mutually Agreed Norms for Routing Security ([MANRS](#))
14. The [Southern African Development Community Model Laws on Cybercrime](#)
15. The [Paris Call for Trust and Security in Cyberspace](#)
16. UN Group of Governmental Experts (GGE) on information security combined consensus reports from 2010/2013/2015 – “The Framework for Responsible State Behavior in Cyberspace” – which includes the 11 norms featured in the [2015 consensus report](#).
17. The [Siemens Charter of Trust](#)”
18. GCSC’s Six Critical [Norms](#)
19. Commonwealth Cyber [Declaration](#)
20. World Wide Web Foundation’s [Contract for the Web](#)
21. Ethics for Incident Response and Security Teams ([EthicsfIRST](#))

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More information on the three workstreams of this year’s BPF Cybersecurity can be found on the BPF’s webpage: <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/bpf-cybersecurity>