

# IGF 2019 Chair's Summary

2019 年度联合国互联网治理论坛(IGF)主席总结

*Fourteenth Meeting of Internet Governance Forum*

Berlin, 25-29 November 2019

第十四届互联网治理论坛(IGF)

德国柏林，2019 年 11 月 25 至 29 日

## IGF 2019 at a Glance 互联网治理论坛 2019 概览

When & Where 日期及地点	25-29 November 2019, Berlin, Germany 德国柏林，2019 年 11 月 25 至 29 日
Overarching theme 总主题	One World. One Net. One Vision 同一个世界 · 同一个网络 · 同一个愿景
3 interlinked main themes informing work programme 指导工作议程三大互相关连的议题	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Data Governance 数据治理</li> <li>■ Digital Inclusion 数码共融</li> <li>■ Security, Safety, Stability and Resilience 资讯保安、安全性、稳定性及抵御能力</li> </ul>
New to this year's IGF 互联网治理论坛新增项目	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Enhanced support for 就以下项目提升支援:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Global South 南方世界 (发展中国家)</li> <li>■ Parliamentarians 国会/立法会议员</li> <li>■ SMEs 中小企</li> </ul> </li> <li>■ Sustainability initiatives 可持续发展项目</li> </ul>
IGF 2019 in numbers 2019 年度互联网治理论坛相关数字	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 3679 participants from 161 countries 来自 161 国家，共 3679 位代表</li> <li>■ 200 sessions 200 节会议</li> </ul>

## Introduction to IGF 2019 互联网治理论坛 2019 简介

The Internet Governance Forum (IGF) 2019 brought together representatives from governments, the technical community, business and civil society to discuss amplifying digital cooperation. The IGF, convened for the fourteenth time since its establishment in 2005, was hosted by the Government of Germany in Berlin. Under the overarching theme, ‘One World. One Net. One Vision’ , the IGF 2019 provided a substantive multistakeholder platform for engaged and informed discussions about policy issues pertaining to the Internet, and how the Internet can

support and fulfil the nexus of respecting human rights and achieving the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

2019 年度互联网治理论坛（以下简称 IGF）汇聚来自政府、科技、商界企业和公民社会代表，就如何扩大数码合作共同讨论。IGF 自 2005 年起成立，今年为第十四届论坛，由德国政府主持并在柏林举行。本年总主题为“同一个世界•同一个网络•同一个愿景”。IGF 2019 为互联网相关的政策问题，提供了实质的、多利益相关方/持份者参与的平台，就如何利用互联网，支持和实现尊重人权和达成可持续发展目标（SDG）的相交点，进行了丰富的讨论。`

### **IGF 2019 by the Numbers 互联网治理论坛 2019 相关数字**

<b>4 days 四天会议</b>	
<b>3679 delegates</b> <b>3679 个代表出席</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ From 161 countries 来自 161 个国家</li><li>■ 53% were IGF newcomers 53% 为 IGF 新参与者</li><li>■ 42% of delegates were female 42% 女性</li><li>■ 2925 online participants 2925 位网上参加者</li><li>■ About 12,000 webcast views 录得约 12,000 网络直播观看次数</li></ul>
<b>200 sessions</b> <b>200 节会议</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ 10 thematic main sessions 10 个主要议题讨论</li><li>■ 64 workshops 64 个工作坊</li><li>■ 36 Open Forums 36 个公开论坛</li><li>■ 4 Best Practice Forum (BPF) sessions 4 个最佳实践论坛 (BPF)</li><li>■ 14 Dynamic Coalition (DC) sessions 14 个动态联盟 (DC) 会议</li><li>■ 6 National, Regional and Youth IGF initiative (NRI) collaborative sessions 6 个国家、地区及青年 IGF 合作会议</li><li>■ 37 Day 0 sessions 37 个会前会议天工作坊</li><li>■ 16 other sessions 16 个其他会议</li><li>■ 50 booths in the IGF Village 50 个 IGF 村摊位</li></ul>
<b>Preparation processes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ 52 members Multistakeholder Advisory Group (MAG) 52 位多利益相关方/持份者谘询委员会(MAG) 成员</li></ul>

<p><b>筹备过程</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 3 face-to-face Open Consultation and MAG Meetings 3 个现场公开谘询及 MAG 会议</li> <li>■ 19 virtual MAG meetings 19 个虚拟 MAG 会议</li> <li>■ 5 MAG Working Groups 5 个 MAG 工作小组</li> </ul>
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## What Made IGF 2019 Unique 2019 年度互联网治理论坛的独特性

### Highly Focused Themes Guiding Intersessional and Berlin Activities

高度聚焦的主题，有效指导闭会期间和柏林会议的期间活动

An open, bottom-up Call for Thematic Inputs launched in January 2019 identified three themes as the highest priorities for IGF participants:

在 2019 年 1 月展开的公开、由下而上的主题谘询，确定了三大优先讨论主题：

- Data governance  
数据治理
- Digital inclusion  
数码共融
- Security, safety, stability and resilience  
资讯保安、安全性、稳定性及抵御能力

These themes helped shape many of the IGF 2019 preparatory and intersessional work processes.

以上主题对塑造 IGF 2019 许多筹备和闭会期间的工作流程提供了帮助。

### Strong Host Government Vision for IGF 2019

主办国政府对 IGF2019 强而有力的愿景

### Strengthening Support for the Engagement of Under-Represented Stakeholders

加强对参与度不足的持份者代表参会的支持

An important objective for the Government of Germany throughout its preparations has been to strengthen the IGF and the relevance of the multistakeholder approach to maintain a truly global, open, free and human rights-centered Internet without barriers. 德国政府在其整个筹备过程中一个重要目标，是加强 IGF 与各持份者的关系，以维持一个真正的全球性、开放、自由及以人权为中心的无障碍互联网世界。

<p><b>Global South</b> 南方世界（发展中国家）</p> <p>The structure of the IGF 2019 itself reflected the IGF's role in relation to supporting broader sustainable development issues. Responding to</p>	<p><b>Parliamentarians</b> 国会/立法会议员</p> <p>IGF 2019 included the first-ever parliamentary session as part of the main programme. The goal of the session was to</p>
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<p>the call for improvement to the IGF through greater participation of developing countries, the Government of Germany provided substantial funds through the Global South Grant supported by UN DESA.</p> <p>IGF 2019 的论坛结构本身反映了 IGF 在支持更广泛的可持续发展议题的作用。为响应通过让发展中国家参与更多以配合 IGF 的呼吁，德国政府透过联合国经济及社会事务部支持的全球南方基金，提供了实质拨款资助。</p>	<p>bring the outcomes of IGF 2019 to national legislative bodies for concrete action and follow up.</p> <p>IGF 2019 包括了有史以来第一次议会会议作为正式议程的一部分。本届会议的目标是将 IGF 2019 的成果带到国家立法机关，促进各国采取具体后续行动。</p>
<p><b>Small-to-Medium Enterprises (SME)</b> <b>中小企</b></p> <p>As SMEs play a highly significant role in the national economies of many countries in the world, and for society at large – especially in the Global South – the German government provided support for greater SME involvement in the IGF this year, to better ensure that SME’s interests are part of the global debate on Internet governance. During SME discussions at IGF 2019, SMEs agreed to nine actions needed for successful digital transformation.</p> <p>由于中小企业在世界许多国家的国民经济，以至全球所有社会——尤其是南方世界——中均扮演非常重要角色，德国政府在今年的 IGF 为中小企业提供了更多支持及参与机会，尽力确保中小企业利益纳入互联网治理的全球讨论内容的其中一部分。在 IGF 2019 的中小企业讨论会议中，中小企业同意就“数码转型”的成功进行 9 项行动。</p>	<p><b>High-Level Leaders Track</b> <b>高级别领导人</b></p> <p>On IGF 2019 Day 0, Germany’s Minister of Economic Affairs and Energy chaired a meeting of more than 100 high ranking representatives from governments, business and civil society to discuss with them actual topics around data governance, digital inclusion and network security, including a Ministerial Breakfast with representatives from 28 countries and institutions.</p> <p>在 IGF 2019 会前会议天（即正式会议开始前），德国经济事务和能源部长主持了一次会议，邀请来自政府、企业和公民社会等 100 多位高级代表讨论有关数据治理、数码共容和网络安全等实际主题，当中包括与来自 28 个国家和机构的代表进行了部长级早餐会。</p>

In addition, the Government of Germany ensured that all meeting rooms and facilities were fully accessible provided child care services and assistance for people that need help were offered.

此外，德国政府亦确保会场所有会议室和设施均设有无障碍通道，提供幼儿服务，并提供设施支援有需要人士。

### Promoting Sustainability 促进可持续发展

To making IGF 2019 the most inclusive and innovative IGF to date, the Government of Germany encouraged the use of digital applications to make the IGF a “paperless” event. Reusable water bottles and water refilling stations were also provided for participants to reduce waste from the event and a sustainability area was installed to inform participants.

为令 IGF 2019 成为迄今为止最具包容性和创新性的 IGF，德国政府鼓励与会人士使用数码应用程式，让 IGF 成为“无纸化”活动。大会为参加者提供可重用水瓶及充水站，以减少活动造成的塑胶浪费，现场并设可持续性区域给参与者提供资讯。

## Further Strengthening Links Between United Nations Processes 进一步加强 IGF 与联合国进程间的联系

IGF deliberations have long contributed to the discussions taking place every year at the United Nations General Assembly in New York at the United Nations Headquarters. IGF has existing relationships with Second and Third Committees:

一直以来，IGF 议程都为每年在纽约联合国总部进行的联合国大会讨论作出贡献。IGF 与第二和第三委员会之间，保持了既存的关系：

- IGF is regularly referred to in the resolutions of the Second Committee (Economic & Financial), such as resolutions on Information and Communications Technologies for Sustainable Development.

第二委员会的决议（经济及金融）中经常提到 IGF，例如有关信息和通信技术上促进可持续发展的决议。

### New, targeted IGF communication channels

全新及针对性的 IGF 沟通渠道

#### UN Secretary-General's High Level Panel on Digital Cooperation (HLPDC) 联合国秘书长高级别数码会议合作委员会 (HLPDC)

IGF hosted online consultations in the lead-up to Berlin to collect feedback from Internet governance stakeholders on Internet-governance-related recommendations in the HLPDC report, which then informed discussions in Berlin on the report's recommendations.

IGF 在柏林会议前主持了网上谘询会议，收集各互联网治理利益相关方/持份者，在 HLPDC 建议报告中关于互联网治理的部份，提出的意见，从而给柏林会议提供参考，促进讨论。

At IGF 2019, the UN Secretary-General stated, “I will soon appoint a Technology Envoy to work with governments, industry and civil society

#### UN General Assembly First Committee 联合国大会第一委员会

Cybersecurity BPF outputs and Berlin IGF Messages on Security, Safety, Stability and Resilience were developed with an aim of being transmitted: 网络安全 BPF (最佳实践论坛) 的产出及柏林 IGF 在资讯保安、安全性、稳定性及抵御能力的信息，以可传播为目标而开发：

- Group of Governmental Experts (GGE) on Developments in the Field of Information and Telecommunications in the Context of International Security 政府专家小组 (GGE) 对信息及通信领域在国际安全性背景下的发展
- Open-Ended Working Group (OEWG) on Developments in the

to help advance international frameworks, and nurture a shared digital future that puts people first and helps bridge the social divide.”

在 IGF 2019 期间，联合国秘书长在会上表示：“我即将任命一位技术使节，他会与一众政府、业界及公民社会代表，共同协助推进国际间的合作框架，并以培育共享数码未来为目标，实行以人为本的数码工作以帮助弥合社会鸿沟。”

Field of Information and Telecommunications in the Context of International Security  
不设限工作小组（OEWG）对信息及通信领域在国际安全性背景下的发展

A coordinator from the Cybersecurity BPF will present the BPF’s 2019 report at the open consultation session of OEWG in New York the week after IGF 2019 ends.

网络安全 BPF 的协调人员将于 IGF 2019 结束的一周后，在纽约举行 OEWG 公开谘询会议，并发表 BPF 2019 报告。

- Discussions in IGF sessions on cyber threats, including cyber crime, inform the discussions at the Third Committee (Social, Humanitarian & Cultural Issues).  
IGF 会议中有关网络威胁，包括网络罪行的讨论，促进了第三委员会（社会，人道主义和文化问题）的讨论。

## Overarching theme of 14th IGF: One World. One Net. One Vision.

### 第 14 届 IGF 总主题：同一个世界•同一个网络•同一个愿景

Hosted in a country where memories of the tearing down of a physical wall and resulting reunification are still fresh in the minds of many of its citizens, the main theme of “One World. One Net. One Vision.” resonated highly with participants at IGF 2019. In a world where there is an increasing trend to erect physical barriers between nations, participants in Berlin reflected on the social, cultural and economic effects of similar barriers, both intentional and otherwise, being raised in the online world via developments as diverse as:

对许多居于主办国的公民来说，在经历了分裂后以推翻实体的柏林围墙实现国民统一，这份回忆可算是记忆犹新，适逢 IGF2019 今年以“同一个世界•同一个网络•同一个愿景”为总主题，与会人仕更能感同身受这分强烈共鸣。在世界各国之间各自为政，自建围城的趋势下，一众身处柏林的与会者不约而同反映出，有意或无意间在社会、文化、经济上筑起了同类围墙而衍生的影响，并在多元化地发展的网络世界提出：

- Differing legal and regulatory regimes  
不同的法律和监管制度

- Efforts to undermine online security via both states and malicious actors  
国家以及恶意侵害者（黑客）对网络安全造成的破坏
- The spread of misinformation via social media algorithms  
通过社交媒体演算法传播误导信息
- The failure to adequately address growing digital divides  
日益扩大而没有充分解决的数码鸿沟

## High-Level Statements on the IGF 2019 Theme

### 关于 IGF 2019 主题的高级别声明

In the Opening Session of IGF 2019, United Nations Secretary-General António Guterres observed that virtual walls also have the effect of amplifying existing digital, social and political divides. He declared, “If we do not work together to address these divides, we will be remembered as the generation that ruined the early promise of the Internet.”

在 IGF 2019 开幕式上，联合国秘书长安东尼奥·古特雷斯（António Guterres）指出，虚拟隔离墙还具有扩大现时数码、社会和政治鸿沟的影响。他表示：“如果我们不共同努力解决这些分歧，我们将被历史铭记为破坏互联网早期承诺的一代。”

Also in the Opening Session, the German Chancellor Angela Merkel noted that just as people’s yearning for freedom, connection and a hope for progress had resulted in the fall of the Berlin Wall, the same values were behind the vision of the creators of the Internet and the World Wide Web. She urged participants: “May you be inspired by this location, where 30 years ago, when the Wall fell, it marked the dawn of a new age.”

同样在开幕式上，德国总理安格拉·默克尔（Angela Merkel）指出，正如人民渴望自由、联系与对社会进步的希望促成柏林围墙倒下一样，在背后支撑着互联网及万维网先驱的是本着同样价值观的愿景。她敦促参与者注意一点：“愿您们在这个地方，这个 30 年前柏林围墙倒下，并标志着新时代到来的地方，受到启发。”

Both Guterres and Merkel supported the United Nations as the appropriate platform for reshaping global Internet governance to ensure a free, open, and decentralized Internet that is secure and stable and can support development for all. Both reinforced the IGF, a platform for all stakeholders to come together and address pressing policy issues related to the Internet, as the most appropriate forum within the United Nations for advancing and evolving Internet governance norms and frameworks.

古特雷斯和默克尔均支持联合国作为重新塑造全球互联网治理的合适平台，以确保互联网能持续以自由、开放、分散结构支持安全、稳定及全民发展。两位亦同时强调 IGF 作为让所有持份者聚集一起解决与互联网相关的迫切政策及问题，是联合国机制内推进和发展互联网治理常规典范和框架最合适论坛。

- Full statement by UN Secretary-General António Guterres

联合国秘书长安东尼奥·古特雷斯的完整发言

<https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/un-secretary-general-remarks-to-the-igf-2019>

- Full statement by German Chancellor Angela Merkel  
德国总理安格拉·默克尔（Angela Merkel）的完整发言  
<https://www.bundeskanzlerin.de/bkin-de/aktuelles/rede-von-bundeskanzlerin-angela-merkel-zur-eroeffnung-des-14-internet-governance-forums-26-november-2019-in-berlin-1698264>

## IGF 2019 Messages

### IGF 2019 主题信息

The three main themes identified by IGF participants as the highest priorities for 2019 complement the overarching theme of IGF 2019: **One World. One Net. One Vision:**  
IGF 参与者确定的 2019 年最高优先议题，与 IGF 2019 的总主题；“同一个世界•同一个网络•同一个愿景”相辅相成。

- **Data governance** addresses the challenges of strengthening the protection of people's fundamental rights and freedoms while working to ensure there is one interconnected and global Internet.  
数据治理提出加强保障基本人权和自由的挑战之同时，要努力保存一个互联互通的全球互联网络。
- Digital exclusion results entrenches social and economic divides and exclusion based on gender, race, identity and income. **Digital inclusion** is to one network, one world and one vision, what social inclusion and human rights are to sustainable development and security.  
数码鸿沟加剧了基于性别、种族、身份和收入的社会和经济鸿沟。数码共融对于同一个世界•同一个网络•同一个愿景的意义，等同社会共融和人权保障对于可持续发展与社会安全的重要性。
- Security, safety, stability and resilience are paramount for the Internet to achieve its potential as a channel of free speech and an engine for economic growth.  
资讯保安、安全性、稳定性及抵御能力对于互联网发挥其作为言论自由渠道、及经济增长引擎的潜力至关重要。

To provide a high-level overview for decision-makers of the most current thinking on key Internet governance issues, discussions from the over 200 sessions held during IGF 2019 have been distilled into Berlin IGF Messages on the three main themes of data governance, digital inclusion, and security, safety, stability and resilience. The Berlin IGF Messages are available at:  
为向决策者提供关键互联网治理问题的最新思维及高层次概述，IGF 2019 期间举行的 200 多场会议的讨论被浓缩成柏林 IGF 2019 主题信息（Berlin IGF Messages）。当中包括数据治理、数码共融及资讯保安、安全性、稳定性及抵御能力三大主题。关于柏林 IGF 2019 主题信息 请点击以下连结：

<https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/berlin-igf-messages>

## **Messages by UN Secretary-General & Chancellor of Germany on main themes** 联合国秘书长和德国总理针对主要主题的讲话

### **Digital Inclusion 数码共融**

- Technical innovations are there to serve people and not the other way around.  
创新技术应是为人民服务，不能本末倒置。
- We need to better understand the relationship between digital advances and inequality: inequality and exclusion drive social unrest and conflict; digital technologies can either widen digital, social and economic divides, or be a force to help reduce them.  
我们要更好理解数码先进化与不平等之间的相互关系：不平等和排斥的出现会导致社会动荡和冲突；而数码技术同时潜在拉开数码、社会和经济的鸿沟，亦可以是帮助缩窄鸿沟的力量。
- Attacks against Internet connectivity have become a dangerous instrument of politics.  
攻击互联网的连接已成为一项极危险的政治手段。

### **Data Governance 数据治理**

- Flows of data and information link up communities, cities, countries and continents, bringing people together beyond traditional barriers established through politics, through religion or social status.  
数据和信息的流动，将社区、城市、国家和各大洲成功连接起来，让人们能摆脱传统的障碍诸如政治、宗教或社会地位等因素，共聚一堂。
- Artificial Intelligence and algorithms, if not governed effectively, can be used to monitor and manipulate behaviour, to besiege us with ever more targeted and intrusive advertising, to manipulate voters and to stifle freedom of expression.  
人工智能和演算法，如不能在有效管治下应用，可能被滥用于监视和操纵性行为，及以更具针对性和侵略性的广告，围攻人民，操纵选民投票意向，及扼杀言论自由。

### **Security, Safety, Stability and Resilience**

#### **资讯保安、安全性、稳定性及抵御能力**

- The answers to whether we become more, or less, secure and safe depends on our ability to work together across disciplines and actors, across nations and political divides.  
我们未来能否生活在更安定、更安全的环境，答案取决于我们能否跨越不同界别，不同利益相关方/持份者，甚致跨越国界及政治分歧而全面合作的能力。
- Low-intensity cyber-conflict between major States is not a prediction for the future but a feature of the present. In such a climate, mechanisms that build trust and cooperation are indispensable.  
主要国家之间的低强度网络冲突并不是一个对未来的预测，而是当前已见的问题。在这种气氛下，各国间建立信任与合作的机制是必不可少的。

## **IGF 2019 Intersessional Work Tracks**

### **IGF 2019 闭会期间工作进展**

#### **Best Practice Forums**

#### **最佳实践论坛**

Four IGF Best Practice Forums (BPFs) worked in the leadup to the Berlin on:

四个 IGF 最佳实践论坛 (BPF) 在柏林的筹备工作相关如下：

- Implementing cybersecurity agreements (BPF on Cybersecurity)  
实施网络安全协议（网络安全 BPF）
- Using IoT, Big Data, AI to address societal challenges (BPF on Internet of Things, Big Data and Artificial Intelligence)  
使用物联网、大数据、人工智能应对社会挑战（物联网、大数据和人工智能 BPF）
- Promoting and preserving linguistic diversity, cultural heritage and local content in contexts of political upheaval (BPF on Local Content)  
在政治动荡的大环境下，促进和维护语言多样性、文化遗产及本土内容（本土内容 BPF）
- Beyond access: Women and gender-diverse people's participation in the digital economy (BPF Gender and access)  
连线以外：妇女和性别多样化下之全民参与数码经济（性别与连线 BPF）

BPF sessions on these topics exchanged views on policy challenges and best practices with relevant experts and stakeholder representatives.

在 BPF 最佳实践论坛的主题会议中，相关专家和持份者代表就执行政策的挑战和如何达到最佳实践积极交流意见。

Insights and community feedback from the Berlin sessions will feed into the final reports published as output of the IGF 2019 BPF work.

在柏林会议的见解、总述及社区意见将会在 IGF 2019 BPF 工作成果之最终报告中发表。

## **Dynamic Coalitions**

### **动态联盟**

IGF Dynamic Coalitions (DCs) continued their work as independent, multistakeholder expert discussion groups on a variety of topics, respecting common standards of transparency and inclusiveness (open archives, open membership, open mailing lists).

IGF 动态联盟 (DC) 继续其作为独立、多持份者组成的专家小组，就各类主题开展研讨工作，以上皆基于互相尊重、具透明性和包容性的通用标准（开放档案，开放成员，开放邮件列表）进行。

## **National, Regional and Youth IGF Initiatives**

### **国家、地区性和青年 IGF 项目**

More than 120 National, Regional and Youth IGF Initiatives (NRIs) used a bottom-up consultative process to agree on topic, ‘“Emerging Technologies”’, as a main priority issue for NRI discussion in Berlin. In addition, based on national and regional discussions held in NRIs in the leadup to IGF 2019, NRIs organized six collaborative sessions on topics

of mutual interest:

超过 120 个国家、地区性和青年 IGF 项目（NRI）运用了“由下而上”的协商程序，就“新兴技术”这一主题达成共识，作为柏林 NRI 讨论的主要优先议题。此外，根据 NRI 在 IGF 2019 召开之前在各个国家和地区性进行的讨论，NRI 就有关多方同具兴趣的主题组织了六次的合作会议，如下：

- Access 网络连接
- Cybersecurity 数码保安
- Human rights 人权
- Online content regulation 网上内容监管
- Privacy and data protection 私隐及数据保障

To discuss the long-term sustainability of the NRIs, there was an NRIs Coordination Session in which all NRIs present in Berlin met with the representatives of the UN DESA, MAG, IGF Secretariat and wider IGF community.

为了讨论 NRI 的长期可持续性，全数 NRI 代表在柏林举行了一次 NRI 协调会议，他们分别与 UN DESA、MAG、IGF 秘书处及 IGF 社区的代表会面。

## Annex A: IGF 2019 Statistics

### 附件甲：IGF 2019 数据

#### Breakdown of Onsite Participants by Stakeholder and Region Groups

利益相关方/持份者和地区小组的现场参与者分布概况

By stakeholder (percentage) 利益相关方/利益相关方/持份者 (参与百分比)	By region (percentage) 地区 (参与百分比)	
Government 政府代表	18%	African Group 非洲群组
Legislator 立法委员	3%	Asia-Pacific Group 亚太区群组
Intergovernmental Organization 政府间国际组织	4%	Eastern European Group 东欧群组
Civil Society 公民社会	42%	Western European and Others Group (WEOG) 西欧及其他国家群组
Private Sector 私人机构	19%	Latin America and the Caribbean Group (GRULAC) 拉丁美洲和加勒比群组
Technical Community 技术社群	11%	Intergovernmental Organization 政府间国际组织
Press/Media 传媒	3%	

#### Global Engagement in Berlin

柏林会议的全球参与数字

122 National, Regional and  
Youth IGFs (NRIs)  
represented

122 个国家、区域和青年  
IGF (NRI) 代表

- 56 physically present in Berlin  
56 位亲身出席柏林会议
- 6 more countries have established IGF processes  
since IGF 2018  
自 IGF 2018 以来，新增 6 个国家建立了 IGF 流程
- 4 communities established Youth IGFs since IGF  
2018  
自 IGF 2018 起，新增 4 个社区建立了青年 IGF
- 122 NRIs established in total (not all present in  
Berlin)  
总数共建立了 122 个 NRI (并非全数出席柏林会  
议)

55 remote hubs  
55 个远程参与枢纽

- Represented all 5 regions  
代表五大洲
- 54% from Africa  
54%来自非洲
- 6% from Latin America and Caribbean  
6%来自拉丁美洲和加勒比群组
- 14% from Asia Pacific  
14%来自亚太区
- 19% from WEOG  
19%来自西欧及其他国家集团
- 7% from Eastern Europe  
7%来自东欧
- Multiple hubs in Nigeria, Ghana, Chad, Benin, Botswana, Kenya, South Africa, Uganda, India, Russia, Canada, Germany  
另于尼日利亚、加纳、乍得、贝宁、博茨瓦纳，肯尼亚、南非、乌干达、印度、俄罗斯、加拿大、德国等设多个远程参与枢纽

## Annex B: Documentation and Process

### 附件乙：文件和流程

Host Country website 主办国网站 <a href="https://www.igf2019.berlin">https://www.igf2019.berlin</a>	IGF Secretariat website IGF 秘书处网站 <a href="https://www.intgovforum.org">https://www.intgovforum.org</a>
Invitation to 14th IGF from UN Under-Secretary-General 联合国副秘书长 就第十四届 IGF 论坛 的邀请信 <a href="https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/igf-2019-invitation">https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/igf-2019-invitation</a>	

### IGF 2019 Outputs IGF 2019 资讯提供

IGF 2019 outputs, including Berlin IGF messages, session reports, press releases, IGF host government reports and IGF participant statements, can be found at:

IGF 2019 资讯提供 共包括柏林 IGF 2019 主题信息、会议报告、新闻稿，IGF 主办国政府报告及 IGF 参与者声明，可浏览以下网站查询：

<https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/igf-2019-outputs>

### IGF 2019 Session Reports, Recordings and Transcripts

#### IGF 2019 会议报告、录音和文本记录

Reports 会议报告 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/igf-2019-reports>

Transcripts 文本记录 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/igf-2019-transcripts>

Recordings 录音 <https://www.youtube.com/user/igf>

### IGF 2019 Intersessional Work

#### IGF 2019 闭会期间工作

The community-led intersessional activities that occur throughout the year offer the IGF community the opportunity to work on substantive and concrete longer-term projects in the field of Internet governance:

社群主导的闭会期间全年进行的活动，为 IGF 社区提供了在互联网治理领域，开展实质性和具体的长期项目的机会：

## **Best Practice Forums (BPFs)**

### **最佳实践论坛 (BPF)**

Cybersecurity 数码保安 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/bpf-cybersecurity-1>

Local Content 本土内容 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/bpf-local-content-0>

IoT, Big Data, AI  
物联网、大数据、人工智能 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/bpf-internet-of-things-iot-big-data-and-artificial-intelligence-ai>

Gender and Access  
性别及连接 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/bpf-gender-and-access>

## **Dynamic Coalitions (DCs)**

Accessibility and Disability  
无障碍和残障 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-accessibility-and-disability-1>

Blockchain Technologies  
区块链技术 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-blockchain-technologies-0>

Child Online Safety  
儿童网上安全 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-child-online-safety-1>

Community Connectivity  
社区网络 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-community-connectivity-0>

Core Internet Values  
互联网核心价值观 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-core-internet-values-2>

DNS Issues  
域名系统问题 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-dns-issues-dc-dnsi>

Gender and Internet Governance  
性别与互联网治理 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-gender-and-internet-governance>

Innovative Approaches to Connecting the Unconnected  
连接未连接者的创新方法 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-innovative-approaches-to-connecting-the-unconnected-0>

Internet of Things <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-internet-of-things-0>

物联网	<a href="https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-the-internet-of-things-0">the-internet-of-things-0</a>
Internet Rights & Principles 互联网权利与原则	<a href="https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-internet-rights-and-principles-1">https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-internet-rights-and-principles-1</a>
Network Neutrality 网络中立性	<a href="https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-network-neutrality-1">https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-network-neutrality-1</a>
Platform Responsibility 平台责任	<a href="https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-platform-responsibility">https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-platform-responsibility</a>
Public Access in Libraries 图书馆的公共网络	<a href="https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-public-access-in-libraries-dc-pal">https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-public-access-in-libraries-dc-pal</a>
Publicness 公众宣传	<a href="https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-publicness">https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-publicness</a>
Schools of Internet Governance 互联网治理学院	<a href="https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-schools-of-internet-governance">https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-schools-of-internet-governance</a>
Small Island Developing States in the Internet Economy 小岛屿发展中国家的互 联网经济	<a href="https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-small-island-developing-states-in-the-internet-economy-dc-sids">https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-small-island-developing-states-in-the-internet-economy-dc-sids</a>
Sustainability of Journalism and News Media 记者和新闻媒体的可持 续性	<a href="https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-the-sustainability-of-journalism-and-news-media-dc-sustainability">https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/dynamic-coalition-on-the-sustainability-of-journalism-and-news-media-dc-sustainability</a>
Youth Coalition on Internet Governance 青年互联网治理联盟	<a href="https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/youth-coalition-on-internet-governance-1">https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/youth-coalition-on-internet-governance-1</a>

## National, Regional and Youth IGF Initiatives (NRIs) 国家、地区性和青年 IGF 倡议 (NRI)

National, Regional and Youth IGF Initiatives (NRIs) are organic and independent formations that are discussing issues pertaining to the Internet Governance from the perspective of their respective communities, while acting in accordance with the main principles of the global IGF. Below are the sources where to find more information about the NRIs and their work.

国家、地区和青年 IGF 项目（NRI）是有机而且独立的组织，依照全球 IGF 的主要原则，由来自不同利益相关方/持份者角度讨论与互联网治理相关的议题。有关 NRI 工作的更多信息及资料，可浏览以下连结。

About the NRIs  
关于 NRI <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/igf-regional-and-national-initiatives>

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National IGFs  
国家 IGF <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/national-igf-initiatives>

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Regional IGFs  
地区/地域性 IGF <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/regional-igf-initiatives>

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Youth IGFs  
青年 IGF <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/youth-initiatives>

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NRI meetings in 2019  
2019 NRI 会议 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/nris-annual-meetings>

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Preparatory work of  
the NRIs  
NRIs 筹备工作 <https://www.intgovforum.org/multilingual/content/igf-2019-nris%20preparatory-process>